



Ecclesiastical Law (Erasmus)

Unit 10th: European countries with predominantly Orthodox majority (part C)

Kyriakos Kyriazopoulos
School of Law A.U.TH.



License

- The educational material subjects to Creative Commons licensing.
- For the educational material, such as images, that subjects to another form of licensing, the license is explicitly referred.



Funding

- This educational material has been developed as part of the educational work of the academic teacher.
- The project "Open Academic Courses at Aristotle University of Thessaloniki" has only fund the reconfiguration and reshaping of the educational material.
- The project is implemented under the Operational Program "Education and Lifelong Learning" and is co-funded by the European Union (European Social Fund) and National resources.



Co-financed by Greece and the European Union





European countries with predominantly Orthodox majority (part C)



European Union
European Social Fund



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION & RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS
MANAGING AUTHORITY

Co-financed by Greece and the European Union



EUROPEAN SOCIAL FUND

Unit Contents

1. European countries with predominantly Orthodox majority (part D)



Unit Objectives

- General understanding of the Church and state relations in European countries with predominantly Orthodox majority.





ARISTOTLE
UNIVERSITY OF
THESSALONIKI

European countries with predominantly Orthodox majority (part D)

The right to acquire legal personality (1/4)

- The right of denominations and their institutions to acquire the status of a legal entity → **Greece.**



The right to acquire legal personality (2/4)

- The right of denominations and their institutions to acquire the status of a legal entity → **Moldova.**



The right to acquire legal personality (3/4)

- The right of denominations and their institutions to acquire the status of a legal entity → **Russian Federation.**



The right to acquire legal personality (4/4)

- The right of denominations and their institutions to acquire the status of a legal entity → **Ukraine.**



Religious discriminations

- Religious discriminations in favor of stately supported Orthodox Churches and against other denominations in countries of the Orthodox cultural area, as defense of national and religious identity vis-à-vis foreign cultural influence or safeguard of national interest.



Principles

- The principle of **identification of national identity with the orthodox identity** of the majority of a societal population.
- The principle of **prohibition of multiple religious organizations** having the same faith **basis.**



Traditional or historic denominations

- In addition to these stately supported Orthodox Churches, the states concerned recognize other traditional or historic denominations in their societies (Cyprus, FYROM, Montenegro, Belarus, Bulgaria, Russian Federation, Serbia, Greece).
- Some states avoid recognizing either by their Constitutions or by laws any traditional or historic religion, other than Orthodox Church (Armenia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Georgia, Moldova, Romania, Ukraine).



Regulation of legal personality

- Procedure of regulation of legal personality for religious denominations in the various countries of the Orthodox cultural area.



Reference Note

Copyright Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Kyriakos Kyriazopoulos
“Ecclesiastical Law (Erasmus). Unit 10th: European countries with
predominantly Orthodox majority (part C)”. Edition: 1.0. Thessaloniki 2015.
Available on the Internet address: http://opencourses.auth.gr/eclass_courses.



Licensing Note

The current material is available under the Creative Commons Attribution - Share Alike [1] or later, International Edition. Excluded are the individual works of third parties, e.g. photographs, diagrams etc., which are contained therein and are mentioned alongside with their terms of use in the “Use of Third Parties Work Note”.



The copyright holder may give to the license holder a separate license to use the work for commercial use, if requested.

[1] <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/>





ARISTOTLE
UNIVERSITY OF
THESSALONIKI

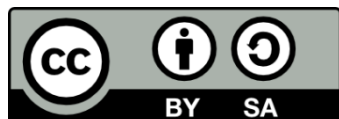
OPEN
ACADEMIC
COURSES



End of unit

Editing: Marianthi-Eleni Diamantopoulou

Thessaloniki, 26-04-2015



European Union
European Social Fund



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION & RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS
MANAGING AUTHORITY

Co-financed by Greece and the European Union



EUROPEAN SOCIAL FUND



ARISTOTLE
UNIVERSITY OF
THESSALONIKI

Notes

Notes Preservation

Any reproduction or adaptation of the material should include:

- the Reference Note,
- the Licensing Note,
- the declaration of Notes Preservation,
- the Use of Third Parties Work Note (if available),

together with the accompanied URLs.

